CETTING BETTER - SOSS



GETTING SKILFUL

Encourage the children to:

Upper body

- use seated balances to isolate the upper body and explore a range of balances
- use play to help individuals discover their centre and how this contributes to balance.

Lower body

• use mobility aids to support different balances and create counterbalance.

Brain

- think about which muscles can help maintain balance
- · think about different methods of counterbalancing.

THIRK INCLUSIVE

· All children will benefit from exploring balance using different body parts and different stable positions.

Encourage the children to:

Space

· keep the support close, but begin to decrease the amount of support given.

Objects

o create a safe environment to explore and challenge balance by using o supports o walls o parachutes o crash mats.

Speed

o choose balls of different weight and texture when varying the speed to challenge balance.

Strength

- · focus on the parts of the body where strength can be challenged
- · avoid fatigue and overuse
- · be aware of strong muscles which can help maintain posture and stability.

ALL ROUND DEVELOPMENT, LINKS WITH:

Agility

ON OL SPORT AND CLUB

education and skills &

- try to maintain balance while moving and changing direction at speed
- · experiment with different balanced positions when twisting and turning.

Co-ordination

- explore co-ordination activities that require good balance (fine motor control)
- explore the best balance positions for throwing.

EXTENDING SKILLS

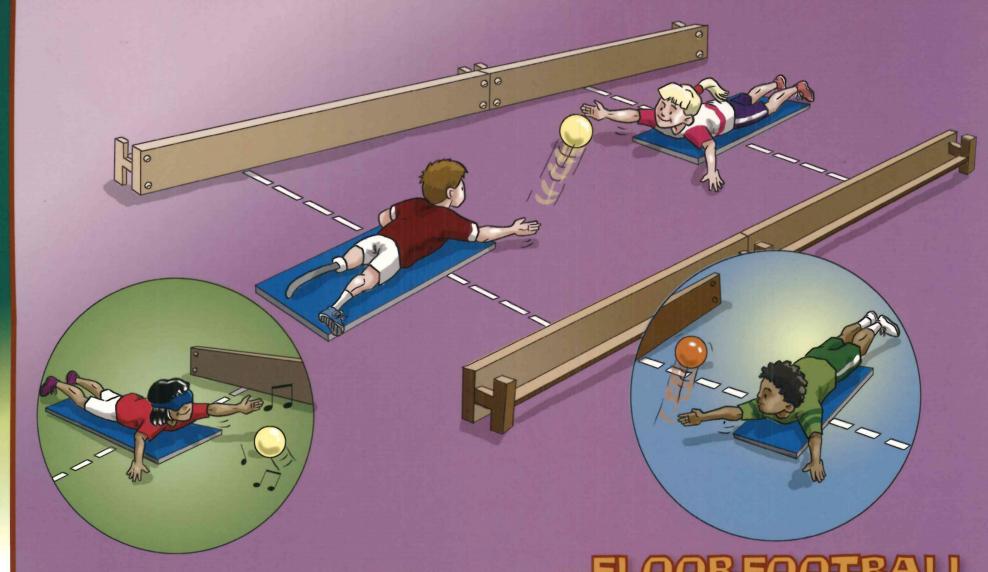
Encourage the children to try:

o different balanced positions for throwing in boccia

- · ways of linking balances into a sequence when travelling
- · finding an appropriate gymnastics club
- · working with each other to help support and experiment with new balanced positions.

MULTI-SKILL CLUB

INCLUSION BALANCE





- · Players lie on their fronts on mats.
- The aim of the game is to push the ball past your opponent.
- The ball must be on the ground when it passes over the line.